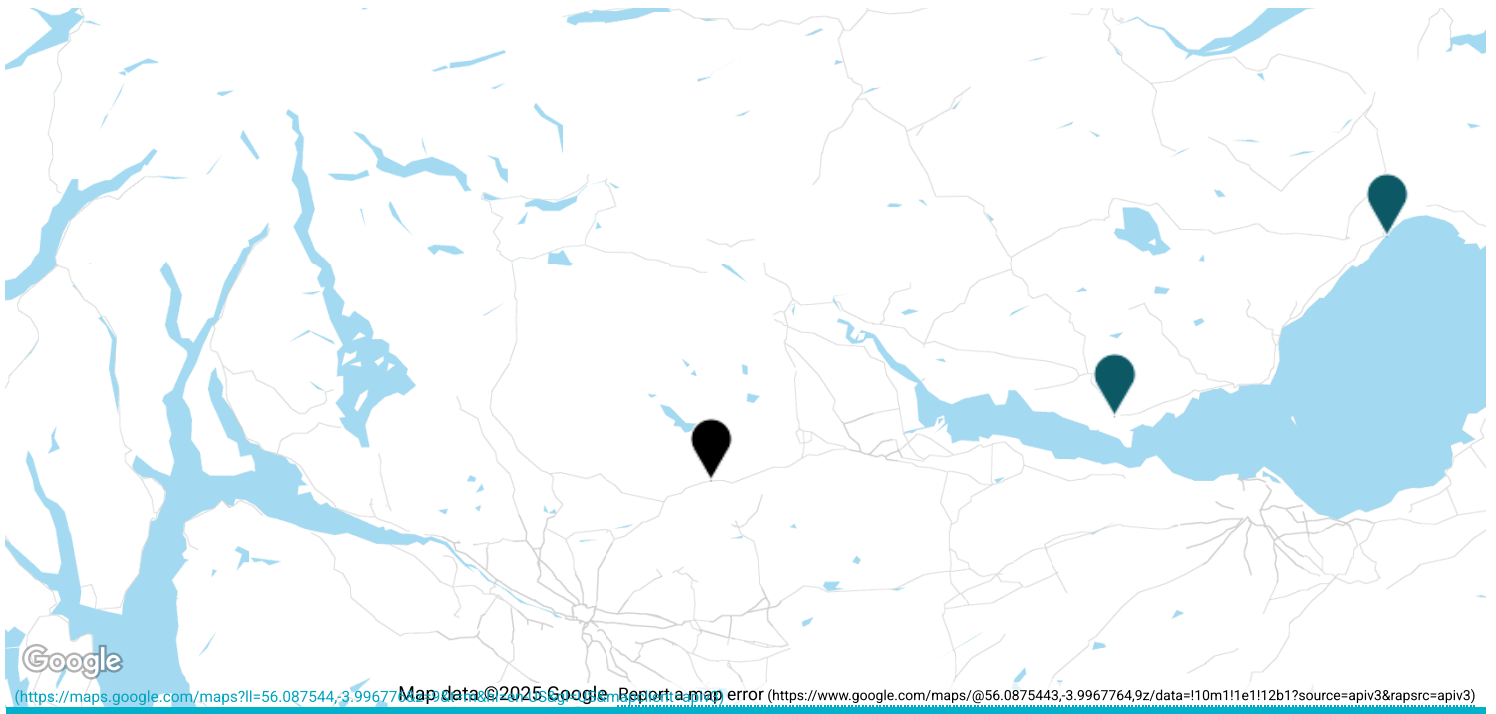




Kilsyth

NORTH LANARKSHIRE

POPULATION **10,952**

Kilsyth is in North Lanarkshire. It dates back to Neolithic times. In the 17th century when it was a stopping point on the road from Glasgow to Stirling. Textiles developed in the 18th century and mining in the 19th century. Drumbeck Colliery closed in 1963. Today new private housing has been built and increasingly it is a commuter settlement and local service centre.

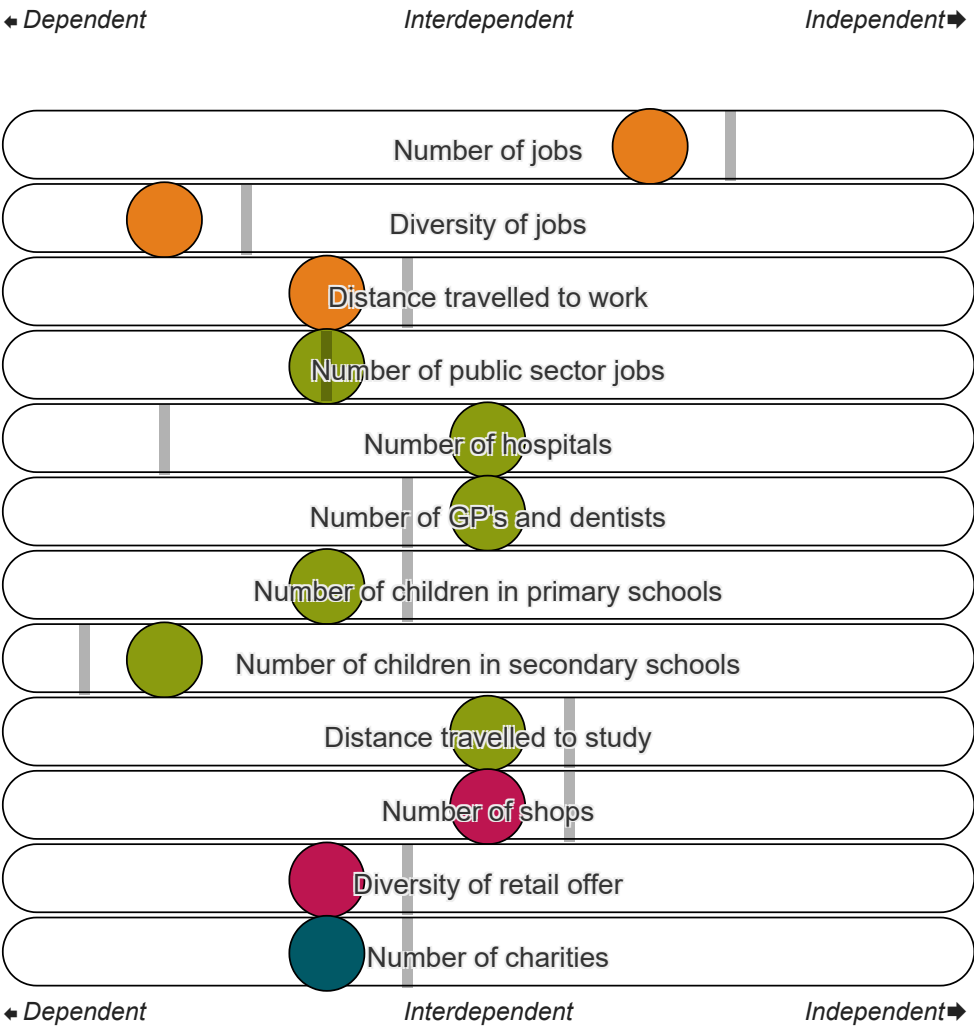
In large towns such as this, this population includes older people, some still in work often in less well paid sectors. It also includes a significant inactive population, some in poorer health. There is a higher proportion of single households and car ownership is lower.

Kilsyth is an interdependent to dependent town.

Its most similar towns are [Leven](#), and [Rosyth](#).

To gain more insight into Kilsyth, compare it to any of the other towns included in USP.

Inter-relationships



Kilsyth is an **interdependent to dependent** town.

Combining inter-relationships and typology, Kilsyth is grouped with 2 other towns. It has similarities to these towns in terms of the number of charities, children in primary schools, children in secondary schools, jobs, public sector jobs, shops, GP's and dentists, and diversity of retail offer. It also has similarities in the diversity of jobs, the distance travelled to work, and the distance travelled to study.

Kilsyth differs most from its group in the number of hospitals.

- Employment
- Public
- Commercial
- Social
- Average for the category

Population change 2011 to 2022**11%**

▲ More
than similar towns per head of population

Household change 2011 to 2022**15%**

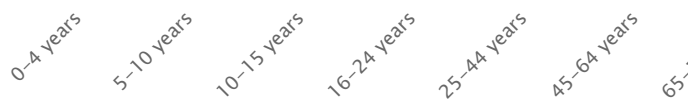
▲ More
than similar towns per head of population

Population

Age

40%

20



Household composition

50%

25



Car ownership

60%

40

20



Tenure

75%

50

25



Population 2022

11k

▼ Less
than similar towns

Households 2022

5k

▼ Less
than similar towns

Population change 2011 to 2022

11%

▲ More
than similar towns per head of population

Household change 2011 to 2022

15%

▲ More
than similar towns per head of population

Very bad health

2%

▲ More

No central heating

1%

▲ More

than similar towns per head of population

Occupancy rating of bedrooms 1 or less

2%

▲ More
than similar towns per head of population

than similar towns per head of population

Disabled

6%

▲ More
than similar towns per head of population

Employment

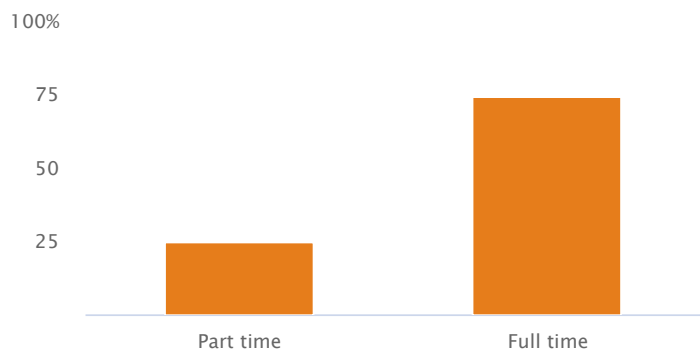
Jobs

3k

▼ Less
than similar towns per head of population

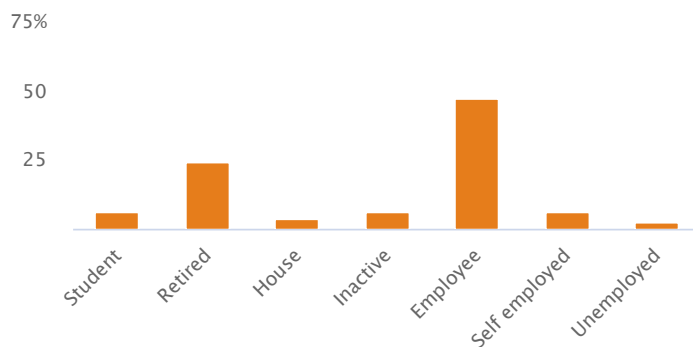
Employment type

(% working full time vs part time aged 16-74)



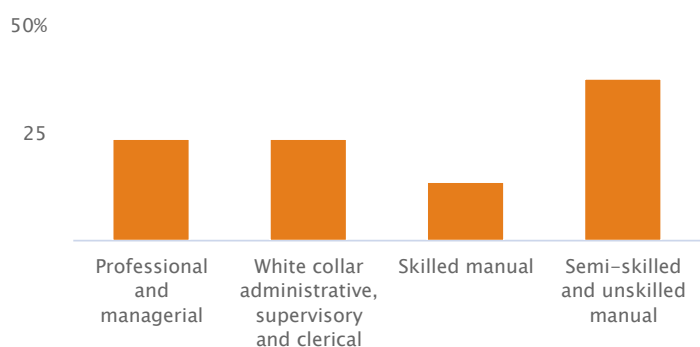
Occupation

(% aged 16-74)

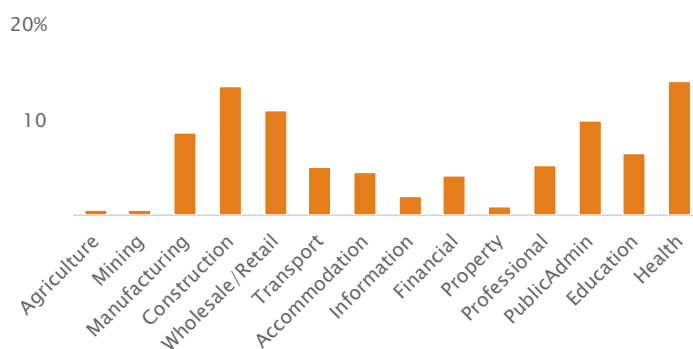


Social Grade

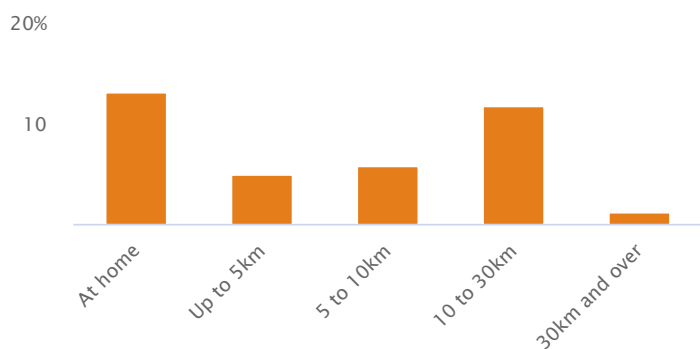
(% households aged 16-64)



Sector Diversity

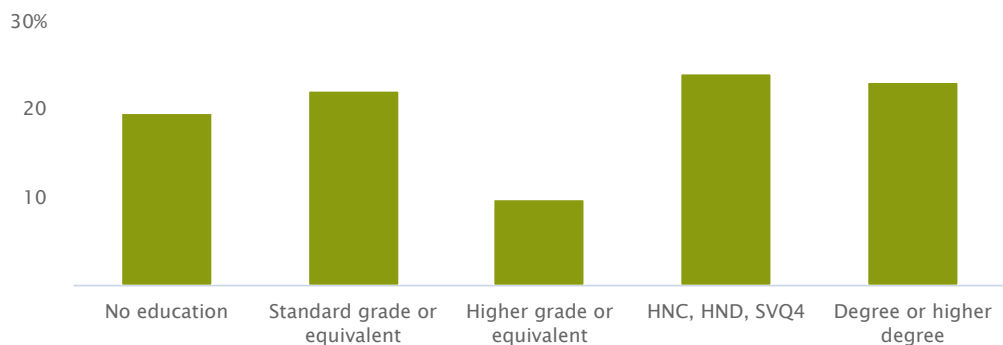


Distance travelled to work



Education

(% all people aged 16 and over)



Children in primary schools

775

▼ Less
than similar towns per head of population

Children in secondary schools

441

▲ More
than similar towns per head of population

Hospitals

1

▲ More
than similar towns per head of population

GP's and dentists

20

▲ More
than similar towns per head of population



Commercial

Number of people per shop

196

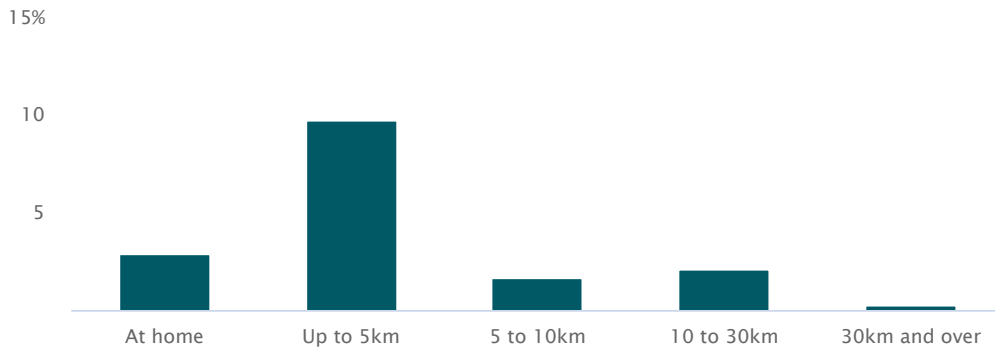
▼ Less
than similar towns per head of population

Diversity of retail offer (%)

43

▲ More
than similar towns per head of population

Distance travelled to study.



Number of residents per charity.

438

▼ Less
than similar towns per head of population

Environment Indicators

Households with D, E, F energy performance certificate rating

14%

▼ Less
than similar towns per head of population

Households with green energy heating system

0%

▲ More
than similar towns per head of population

Average house price (£)

161k

▲ More
than similar towns per head of population