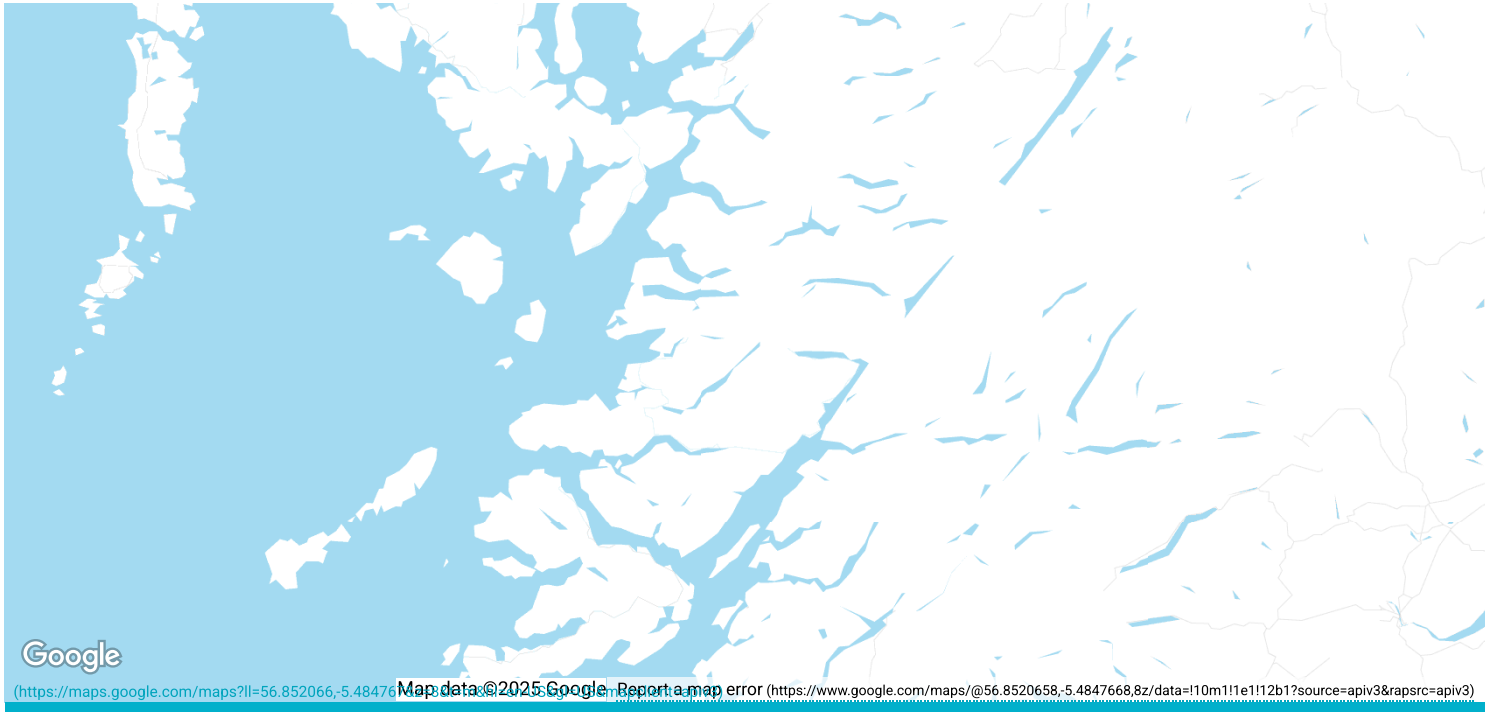




Alexandria

WEST DUNBARTONSHIRE

POPULATION **6,264**

Alexandria in the Vale of Leven is in West Dunbartonshire. It was named after local landowner Alexander Smollett who established it as an industrial town. It has continued to be an industrial town with the early 20th century Argyll Motor company, followed by the torpedo factory and more recently whisky distilling and other light industries.

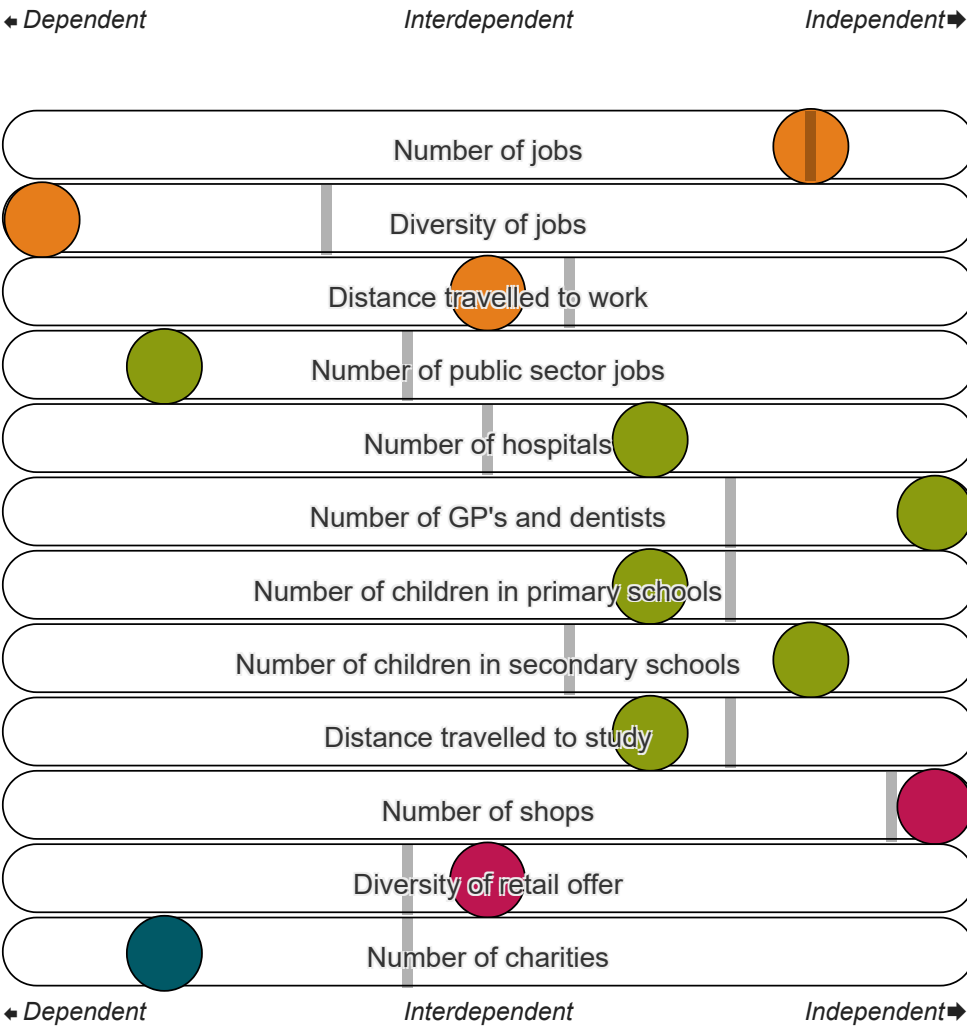
In medium towns like this one, people experience more challenging circumstances with higher rates of unemployment, poorer health, lack of a car, lower levels of education and lower social grades than other groups. A higher proportion live in social rented housing. There is a higher proportion of single person households and lone parents.

Alexandria is an interdependent to independent town.

Its most similar towns are [Alness](#), and [Invergordon](#).

To gain more insight into Alexandria, compare it to any of the other towns included in USP.

Inter-relationships



Alexandria is an **interdependent to independent** town.

Combining inter-relationships and typology, Alexandria is grouped with 2 other towns. It has similarities to these towns in terms of the number of hospitals, children in primary schools, jobs, shops, and diversity of retail offer. It also has similarities in the distance travelled to work, and the distance travelled to study.

It differs in terms of the number of charities, public sector jobs, and GP's and dentists. Alexandria differs most from its group in the diversity of jobs.

- Employment
- Public
- Commercial
- Social
- Average for the category

Population change 2011 to 2022**-52%**

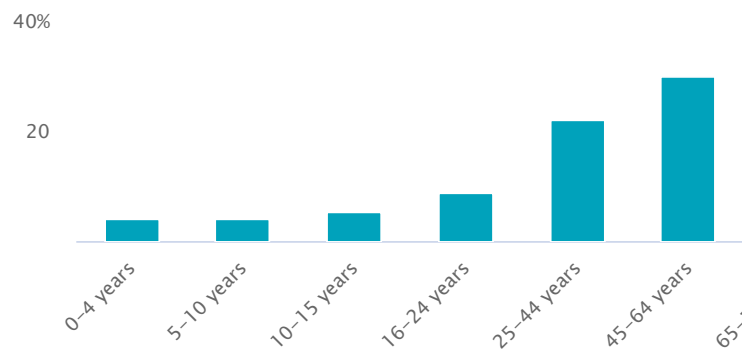
▼ Less
than similar towns per head of population

Household change 2011 to 2022**-48%**

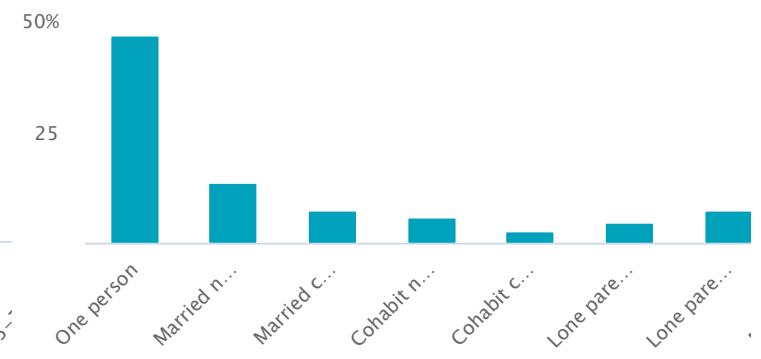
▼ Less
than similar towns per head of population

Population

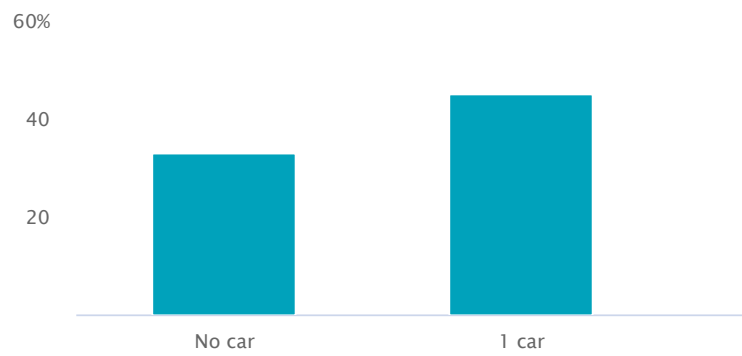
Age



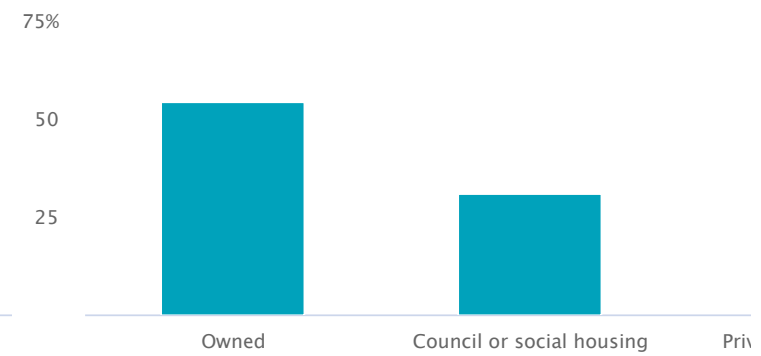
Household composition



Car ownership



Tenure



Population 2022

6k

▲ More
than similar towns

Households 2022

3k

▲ More
than similar towns

Population change 2011 to 2022

-52%

▼ Less
than similar towns per head of population

Household change 2011 to 2022

-48%

▼ Less
than similar towns per head of population

Very bad health

3%

▲ More

No central heating

1%

▼ Less

than similar towns per head of population

Occupancy rating of bedrooms 1 or less

2%

▼ Less
than similar towns per head of population

than similar towns per head of population

Disabled

9%

▼ Less
than similar towns per head of population

Employment

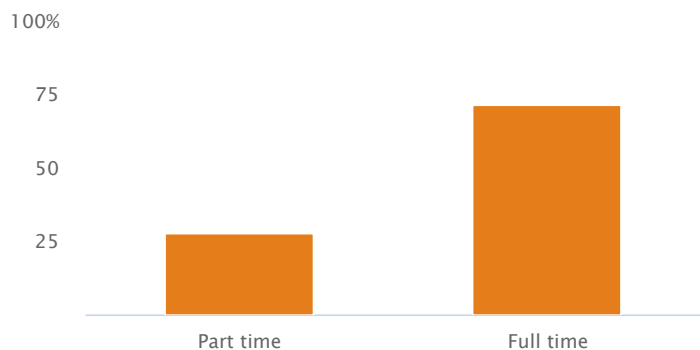
Jobs

2k

▲ More
than similar towns per head of population

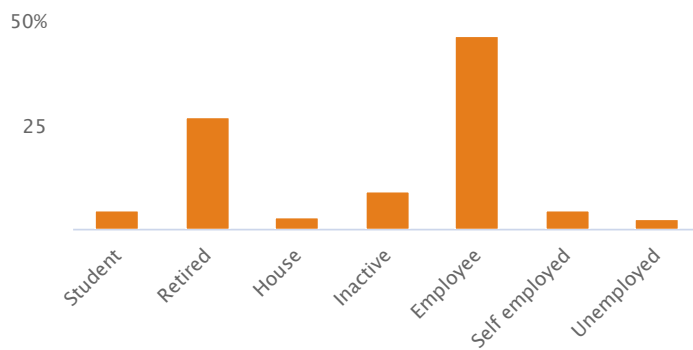
Employment type

(% working full time vs part time aged 16-74)



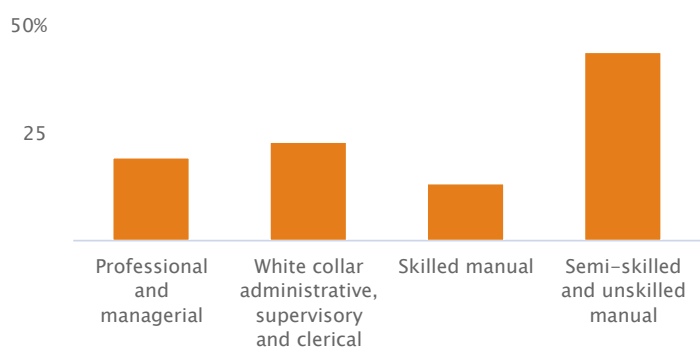
Occupation

(% aged 16-74)

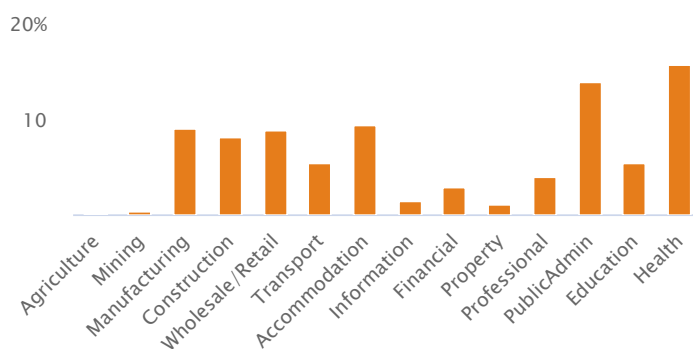


Social Grade

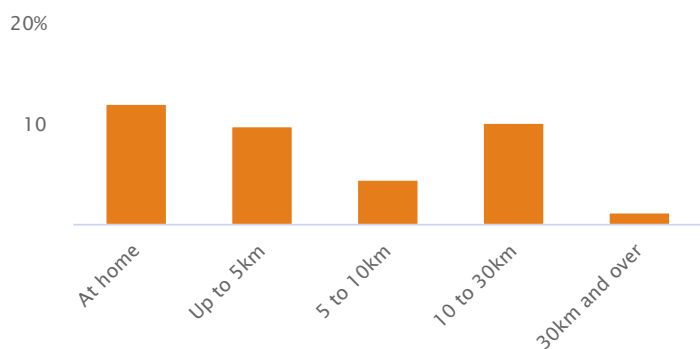
(% households aged 16-64)



Sector Diversity

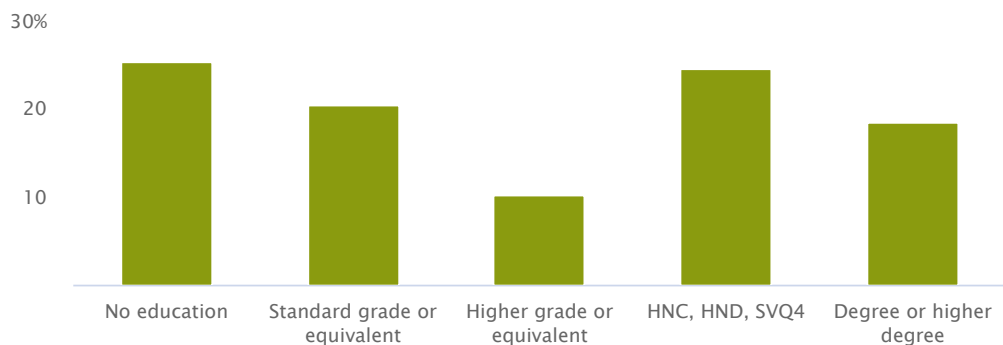


Distance travelled to work



Education

(% all people aged 16 and over)



Children in primary schools

569

▼ Less
than similar towns per head of population

Children in secondary schools

982

▲ More
than similar towns per head of population

Hospitals

1

▲ More
than similar towns per head of population

GP's and dentists

41

▲ More
than similar towns per head of population



Commercial

Number of people per shop

56

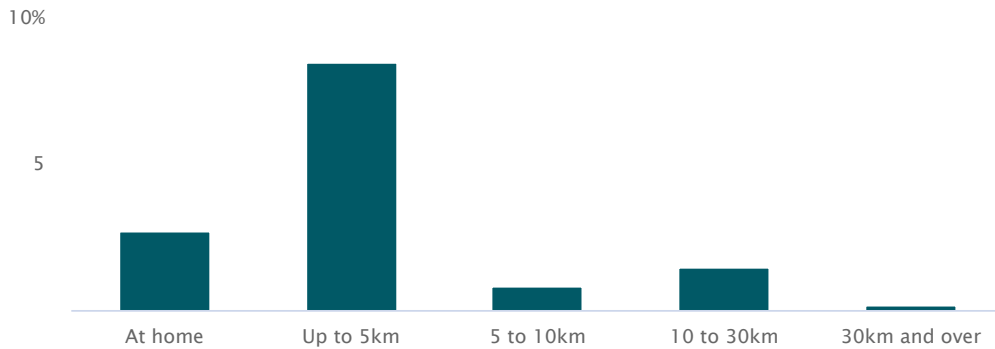
▲ More
than similar towns per head of population

Diversity of retail offer (%)

29

▼ Less
than similar towns per head of population

Distance travelled to study.



Number of residents per charity.

696

▼ Less
than similar towns per head of population

Environment Indicators

Households with D, E, F energy performance certificate rating

18%

▼ Less
than similar towns per head of population

Households with green energy heating system

0%

▼ Less
than similar towns per head of population

Average house price (£)

149k

▼ Less
than similar towns per head of population